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RAYMOND
A live town in a rich agricultural and stock-raising district. A good place to make your home.

Bank of Montreal Reports Conditions of Marked Strength

Total Assets are \$748,612,481 in Meet Payment of Liabilities to the Public of \$372,816,382. Leaving an Excess of Assets of \$375,796,099 -- Holdings of Government and Other Bonds, \$228,901,146

The semi-annual statement of the Bank of Montreal, as of April 30th, makes a very strong exhibit. The outstanding features are represented by an increase in the holdings of gilt-edged securities, a gain in liquid assets to an amount equal to 57.34 per cent. of liabilities to the public--evidence that the bank is in a position to meet any increase in the requirements of its many customers.

The statement, in easily understandable form, appears elsewhere in this issue and affords an opportunity of obtaining a comprehensive view of the Bank's strong position.

Total assets are reported at \$748,612,481, compared with \$786,897,706 a year ago. Of this amount quickly available, or liquid, assets are \$335,483,225, included among these liquid assets is cash in vaults and in Central Gold Reserve amounting to \$78,491,119, equal to 11.67 per cent. of public liabilities.

Increase in Bond Holdings

The most important change in liquid assets is represented by an increase in Govt. and other bonds and debentures to a total of \$228,901,146. These are recognized as gilt-edged securities, the greater portion of which mature at early dates. Included among them are Dominion and Provincial government securities of a value of \$174,730,246, up from \$149,229,625 a year ago. Call loans outside of Canada are \$29,232,324 and are secured by bonds, stock, and other negotiable securities of greater value than the loans and represent moneys quickly available without any disturbing effect on conditions in Canada.

Call loans in Canada secured by bonds and stocks of greater value at current quotations than the loans stand at \$5,645,610, as compared with \$11,347,487 at the same date last year.

The total of current loans made to manufacturers, farmers, merchants and others, is reported at \$36,572,383. Deposits have held up remarkably well under prevailing conditions. Total deposits are reported at \$623,761,081.

Total assets of \$748,612,481 are available to meet payment of liabilities to the public of \$372,816,382, which leaves an excess of assets over these liabilities of \$375,796,099.

Profit and Loss Account

The profits for the six months amounted to \$2,589,292.70 as compared with \$2,771,753.71 for the corresponding period last year. The profits were distributed as follows: dividends, \$2,100,000.00; provision for tax on Dominion Government, \$223,316.23, and provision for bank premises \$100,000.00, leaving a balance of \$100,976.42. This when added to the balance carried forward at the end of the fiscal year brought the total at the credit of profit and loss to \$1,204,403.37.

BUSINESS CONDITIONS

Trade, in Western--Wholesale trade continues quiet; retail sales in season. There have been no realizations of the backward spring. Groceries are moving in fair volume, clothing sales are only fair and other lines are slow. Country trade continues quiet. There is little demand for new machinery and horses are commanding good prices. Building activity is practically confined to public works construction for relief purposes. While wheat prices have shown some improvement, export business continues disappointing. Canadian wheat is neglected for cheaper offerings from other sources. European wheat, however, are said to be low and looking to the improvement of Canadian wheat is expected as Southern Hemisphere supplies become depleted. Cash wheat

News Notes

O. H. Snow and party were at the Temple on Wednesday.

"DANCE TEAM" the picture of the year will SOON be here.

There was a light fall of frost on Wednesday night, and Thursday forenoon was cool and cloudy.

"THE CHAMP" at the CAPITOL, TONIGHT and SATURDAY.

Myron Quinton of Glenwood was here on Sunday and visited with Mr. and Mrs. S. I. May and family, returning home that evening.

Gordon Brewerton was a Raymond visitor on Thursday. He says words cannot describe the cloudburst that visited Cardston last Saturday.

Frank Atterton and Bob Webster have been busy this week on the foundation forms for Frank's new home.

The weather was made to order on Wednesday and Thursday. Out of the many samples everyone must have found something that suited his or her fancy.

Wallace Leavitt was a Raymond visitor on Sunday. Miss Naomi Vance and Mrs. Olsen accompanied him from Cardston. All returned in the evening. Miss Orpha Vance returning with them to visit for awhile in Glenwood with relatives.

A meteorite dropped on the Church Ranch near Hill Spring on Friday last near where one of the men was working, and when picked up the mass of pebbles was still hot. It was put on display in the Cardston News Office, but was falling to pieces rapidly. Those who saw the cluster said it looked like a bunch of small pebbles held together with baked clay.

They tell of a mouse falling into a rum barrel and crawling out crying for lions to fight. Recently at a level crossing near Gravenhurst, Ont., a "silver" sideswiped a railway freight train and derailed eight cars. It charged screaming and died screaming, a total wreck, but in its death agonies it guarded its owner driver and another passenger, both of whom escaped with minor bruises. None of the train crew was injured.

In 1931 Renfrew (Ont.) County had the largest number of registered seed growers according to a current news report. There is much evidence to show that these growers will be heard from to the advantage of Renfrew County when the judges complete their work for the World's Grain Show at Regina next year. These seed men are not passing up the opportunity of winning a fair share of the \$200,500 given in cash prizes for grain and seed and more important still to show the world just what the old county can do in the production of field crops.

With the object of producing grain of sufficiently high quality to represent the district at the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference at Regina in 1932, the Board of Trade of Prince Albert, Saskatchewan, recently conducted a local grain show. The samples exhibited were produced from seed, provided by the board of selected farmers of the district. In the opinion of Professor Manley Champlin of the Field Husbandry department of the University of Saskatchewan, who acted as judge, the exhibits of Roward and Marquis wheat varieties were exceptionally good.

closed on the 20th instant at 6:30 p.m. Demand has been sufficient to absorb light offerings of cattle and horses and prices are slightly higher. Initial market conditions over the Prairie are better than last year, although there is no reason to believe that areas and rain will be greatly needed there to continue growth and prevent soil drifting should high winds become prevalent. --Duke of Montreal Report.

Harris Walker Grand Champion of Meet

Despite the cold weather on Tuesday, quite a number from here went up to Cardston for the Track and Field Meet. Bishop Walker and Rayo Wolf were among the officials of the day, and several Raymond athletes competed in the various classes. Harris Walker was Field Champion of the day, winning more points than any other contestant. Raymond's winners were as follows:

- Two and a Half Mile Road Race; Ellys Piegrass. Time 15 min. 25 sec. This won the A.A.A. Trophy.
- Half Mile Race Senior, the Rotary Club Trophy; Gray Girkham; 2 min. 22 sec.
- 440 Yard Race; Cardston Motors Trophy; Harris Walker, 59 sec.
- Hop Step Jump, J. Y. Carj Trophy

FUTURE COLONIZATION AND DEVELOPMENT

Speaking before the Gyro Club at Winnipeg last week, T. C. Main, division engineer of water supply for the Canadian National Railways, and consulting engineer to the Saskatchewan Commission on Conservation and Afforestation, warned that the future development of western Canada must be planned on a scientific basis. According to Mr. Main, so far things have been made to happen in haphazard manner. Settlers were allowed to homestead and cultivate land that was entirely unfit for cultivation. Sloughs and lakes were drained; timber and bush areas have been burned intentionally and accidentally and land has been forced to grow cereal crops until practically all the fibre is gone.

Conservation of water and timber he considered as the two important factors in solving our drought ills. Five factors he condemned; close cutting and over pasturing of prairie grass; reducing the forest areas, chiefly by fires 50 per cent of which were preventable; draining sloughs and lakes; growing too many cereals in succession; farming land unsuitable for cultivation. Solutions for drought and soil drifting he gave as follows: planting at least one mile of suitable hedge on each quarter section; strip farming to minimize drifting until hedges are four or five feet high; production of wheat that consumes less water in growing; a forest policy that will make serious fires impossible; conservation of young tree growth and reforestation so that in 50 years there will be as much timber as at present; stoppage of draining of sloughs, lakes and marshes; storing much spring run-off water as is economically possible; setting aside of light lands as forest reserves and planting with suitable trees; developing mixed farming; encouraging municipalities to construct public water supplies and the farmers who need them to construct effective durgans.

The current year will undoubtedly go down in travel history as a bare-gain year. Swinging into line with the reductions recently announced by the Atlantic steamship lines, the Canadian railways put into effect on

News Notes

Rain and hail fell on Friday again. This weather surely gets a fellow mixed up some.

Stirling played baseball here with the locals Thursday night, Raymond taking the long end of a 9-2 score.

Plasterers were working in the Security Block a couple of days this week doing some work there.

A window sign painter was in town on Wednesday afternoon and Thursday of this week. Several windows on Broadway were painted.

The wind Sunday, Monday and Tuesday was raw and cold and it felt more like the early part of April than it did the latter part of May.

Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Cooper visited for a few minutes in Raymond on Sunday afternoon and went on over to Stirling and spent the evening with Mrs. Cooper's mother.

News Notes

Doctor and Mrs. D. B. Fowler were in Raymond on Friday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Rosa Humphreys a son on May 20th. Mother and son are doing nicely.

The Pass Coal Mines opened again Thursday morning with a full lineup of men on hand to take the jobs that were offered.

MOISTURE LEAK THROUGH WEEDS

Every land plant is a suction pump taking moisture from the soil and transpiring it through the leaves. Most fields have so many pumps to the acre that none of them can draw a full stroke. Weeds rob the crop plants, making an aggregate draft greater than most people think. Thick seedling dwarfs many a crop in a drouthy season, but weed competition dwarfs it far more than does excess seeding.

It is surprising with what a light rainfall a fair crop may be produced on clean land. Plot yields illustrate this. In 1922, with only 3 1-2 in. of precipitation between seeding and harvest, the Beaverlodge Station produced over 19 bushels of Ruby wheat on a measured acre that had grown a crop of potatoes the year before. It is true the acre consisted of four quarter-acre blocks with paths between them, but the soil was still remarkable. The land was clean. What few weeds came were hand-pulled.

W. D. Albright, Superintendent, Dominion Experimental Sub-Station, Beaverlodge, Alta.

May 15, reductions of 20 per cent. on rail fares issued in connection with overseas traffic. Similar reductions of 20 per cent. were made on the same date on fares to the Pacific Coast. This was a special reduction for non-steamship passengers to stimulate travel to the East via the Great Lakes, a reduction of 20 per cent. went into effect May 29 on rail fares to connect with lake steamers.

"Swarm Day" Is Very Successful

The Day of the Swarm for Bee-Hive Girls proved a splendid success. There were over one hundred and seventy-five people present, with forty girls in graduating classes.

Prizes were received as follows: In Mary Barker of Magrath 1st Ward the Speech.

Virginia Briggs of Magrath 2nd Ward Speech for gathering of honey.

Marie Branstetter of Stirling and Rose Holaday of Magrath 1st Ward were very close competitors.

LaVere Lyberty of Raymond 1st won for the Handbook of Gatherers and Zella Hauscock of Raymond 2nd for Handbook in 1st rank.

Lola Dudley Magrath 2nd won for Symbol.

Stirling girls under the direction of Luella Brandley and Marion Proctor served a tasty lunch which was appreciated by all. The ride home to the rain added a zest and will help the day to linger long in the memories of those fortunate enough to attend.

THE NEED OF FOOD IRON

The Minerals most in demand by the human body are Iron, Calcium (lime) and Phosphorus. Of the three Iron is in greatest need and is frequently deficient. The only satisfactory source of supply of all minerals is through the food. The daily loss is about one-seventh of a grain. For safety we need to take one-quarter grain, in the form of food iron. The following foods are a satisfactory source of supply, containing about 4 pc of our daily needs in each ounce:

Egg yolk contains .0086 p.c iron	
Gluten	.0340
Wheat Bran	.0078
Beans	.0070
Peas	.0037
Whole Wheat	.0050
Lean of Beef	.0039
Spinach	.0036
Oatmeal	.0029
Raisins	.0021

The above table makes it clear that meat and oatmeal are slightly richer in iron than spinach, and that several other cereals are richer than either, but since the lean of beef is a "complete" protein and more fully digested than the "incomplete" proteins of cereals and legumes, its iron is also more fully assimilated by the human body. It is for this reason that liver with its digestible iron is so highly valued by the medical profession for prevention and cure of anemia. This is one of the reasons why that Graded Beef is endorsed by the medical profession. Its proteins and minerals are 95 per cent digested by the human body.

SHEEP BREEDING ON SOO LINE IS PROVED SUCCESS

Grain Farmers Develop Profitable Industry to Augment Yearly Income. Reports of sheep breeding meeting with considerable success in the district south of Regina more popularly known as the Soo Line prompted a survey made recently by the Dominion Agricultural Credit Company Limited, the findings to be incorporated in a booklet which is to be issued shortly.

Numerous grain farmers on the Soo Line have found sheep to be a profitable investment, according to Harvey O. Powell, general manager of the Company, the returns on the investment being quite satisfactory in proportion to other branches of agricultural industry.

Grain farmers have been advised to start with a small flock of from 25 to 50 ewes and the construction of inexpensive sheds for wintering to keep the sheep dry and free from cold drafts.

Foundation livestock is being furnished to responsible farmers on credit by the Dominion Agricultural Credit Company Limited, with head offices in Regina.

Alexander Young, Father -- Please doctor, tell me at once--is it a "him" or a "her"?

Doctor--It's a "them".

TO MAKE TAXES POPULAR

All provinces are seeking frantically to discover something new to tax which may be easily approved. The Saskatchewan Statute Book offers very helpful hints:

- Atmosphere tax, payable 50 to 100 of taxpayer.
- Permanent waves on women, 2 cents per square inch.
- Ice Cream cone tax, a cent.
- After dinner speeches, 1.00
- Spats, colored, 25 cts
- Net neckties, 25 cents.
- Walking sticks, a nickel.
- Smoking room charges, 10c to 25c.
- Salvation, ad valorem, graded from editors up to crooks. Apparent from tax collector's not to be collected.
- Head bags, everything they have left.
- Cabinet ministers, 25 per cent.
- Fish stories, according to the verdict of the audience.
- Sponge cake, so much per lb.
- Weather prophets, financial advisers, college professors, bootleggers, bridge players and radio entertainers. Let their conscience be their guide.

The Raymond Recorder

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S. I. MAZ, Editor and Prop.

Non-political. Partisan only in the
interests of Raymond and district.
Advertising rates on application.

SPEAK TO BE HEARD

There is much disappointment in our public gatherings through the audience not being able to hear what is being said by the speaker. This was the case in our recent Conference when those who were forced to sit any distance back in the hall were unable to follow the line of the speakers, it was also noticeable in the Sunday night meeting in the See and Ward when the Aaronic Priesthood program was given and several young men took part. This of course is excusable to some degree in the young people.

It is difficult to keep the attention of a large audience when a speaker can be distinctly heard, and when he has a subject full of interest to everyone. But, when a speaker gets up and lowers his voice until his words to the audience sounds like a mumble, it is not very surprising that the audience loses interest and finds other ways of occupying their time. It is regrettable, but true, that some of the finest discourses ever delivered lose their value because the audience cannot hear distinctly, and therefore are unable to follow the thread of the talk.

Those who are given the responsibility, or opportunity to speak, should bear in mind that our audiences as a rule are mixed in age. The hearing of the older people is not as keen as it once was, and the younger ones are there to listen if they can hear without too much trouble, and if they can't they will find something else to interest them. The speaker therefore, should imagine that he is the farthest from the pulpit, and that he is there to hear what is said. Speak at all times so the people the farthest away from you will hear what is said, and then see how much easier it is to keep the attention of your listeners.

Of course, there is no law to keep people from taking the front seat, but it must be remembered that there are not enough front seats to go round for everyone, and all those who go to meetings go there to hear what is being said, and when they can't hear, then they do other things. While we dislike the interruptions thus caused, at the same time there are times when they are hardly to be censured for non-attention, when they cannot hear.

An old saying is, "Get up, Speak Up, Shut Up." And in our public gatherings, the second is probably the most important, because if you can't be heard you don't do much good to anyone except yourself. Cultivate a voice that will carry over and be heard if you are going to be a public speaker. People want to hear what you say, and how you say it.

We're A Quarrelsome Lot

We're a quarrelsome lot and it's a quarrelsome old world at best. With police and police courts, judges and juries, divorces and decrees, trade wars and embargoes, diplomacy and war, the cost of this devilry in our make-up must be prodigious beyond calculation. The Polish Society of International Law has published statistics to show that during the last 3,421 years there have been but 268 years during which the nations of the world have enjoyed the consolation of peace, and even at that the report says that incomplete records indicate a difficulty in determining whether even these were, entirely peaceful years. Approximately 8,000 peace treaties have been concluded and these have lasted an average of two years. But international agreements no matter what their merit may be, will never reach the maximum of effect unless behind them there is an expressed will for peace among the great mass of the citizens of every country.

There are today many great national movements which, though not in the first instance organized for peace but because of the friendly intercourse they bring about, do exert a material influence in this direction.

It is well within reason to say that the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference, because it will bring people together from all parts of the world for the purpose of friendly discussion of their common problems, will rank high among those national activities that make for a much desired will for peace among all people.

DID YOU EVER STOP TO THINK

(By Edson R. Waite)

THAT the time for action has arrived. The progressive spirit must be preserved. Citizens should be proud of their home city and be prepared to fight for its betterment.

Pessimists and other whose propaganda indicates a desire to hold back progress for the home city should be shown that they are out of step.

Pessimists are prone to create dull business conditions through their idle talk and lack of optimism.

Every city has set-backs once in a while nothing serious, but things that can easily be overcome. Whenever these things happen the pessimists see only the dark side and try their best to make conditions worse.

The foundation of the success of a city is accomplished through the cooperative genius of its optimistic citizens.

Every citizen should point to the advantages of the home city and tell of its enterprises and resources.

Every city should recognize opportunity and never have to look back regretfully at things that should have been done.

The ability to see and grasp opportunities often marks the difference in the success or failure of a city.

THE BUSINESS OF A CITY IS FAR MORE COMPLETE THAN ANY INDIVIDUAL BUSINESS. THEREFORE, EVEN GREATER CONSIDERATION SHOULD BE GIVEN ITS PLAN FOR FUTURE DEVELOPMENT.

FOREST DESTRUCTION

IN ALBERTA SERIOUS

Considered from the standpoint of destruction of forest resources, the fire season of 1931, reports the Alberta Department of Lands and Mines, was probably the most disastrous on record. Weather conditions prevailing during the winter of 1930-31 were such that fires started readily and burnt into the ground, thus providing a start for destructive fires in the spring. On the forests of the east slope of the Rocky Mountains it was necessary to fight fires on several occasions during the winter.

As a result of winter conditions and of the weather and ground conditions in the spring whereby fires spread rapidly, fires set for the purpose of clearing land and fires from other causes, assumed dangerous proportions and resulted in an enormous loss of forest resources and private property. In addition the productivity of the soil was greatly damaged.

An examination of fire causes, state officials in charge of forest preservation, leaves no doubt as to the responsibility of individuals and indicates that little or no thought was given to the results. In many instances the danger to life and to the destruction of public and private property was entirely overlooked. Improvements on neighboring lands were destroyed with no thought of the importance of individual welfare in the success of the community. In order to clear comparatively small areas, fires were indiscriminately set which destroyed large areas of important forest cover, which areas in a great many instances would at a later date contribute in no small way to the welfare of the individual and the community.

Settler's fires dealt with by the forest reserve numbered 136, being 21.86 per cent. of the total fires dealt with.

The statement of the Department concludes:

"Campers, which includes all forest travellers, contributed to the destruction in no small way. Carelessness, laziness, and ignorance no doubt explains why 147 fires are known to have originated with campers. It is difficult to understand why people who go to the forest for recreation or who obtain their livelihood from the forest should be guilty of such carelessness. In the province of Alberta are found conditions most favorable to outdoor recreation than in many countries. There is an abundance of game birds, fish and big game. These, however, cannot exist if forest destruction continues at the rate of 1931."

The pianist: "Do you like music?"
The lady: "Yes, but go right on."

An extracting dentist says that he had an absent-minded motorist in the chair the other day. "Will you take gas?" he asked. "Yeah," replied the A.M. patient, "and you'd better look at the oil, too."

"Give me Main 4321—Hello, is this the wife?"

"Yes."

"Listen, dear. Will it be alright if I bring a couple of friends home for

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White Leghorns	\$ 6.00	7.50	7.00
Barn Red	10.00	9.00	8.00
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OF ALL KINDS.
—GARDEN PLOWING—
ALL KINDS OF TEAM WORK

See A. TERRY
or Phone No. 1

SHEEP RAISING IS PROFITABLE

COST OF KEEP IS SLIGHT; ADDITIONAL INCOME ACCRUES FROM SMALL FLOCK

Regina, Sask. May 26 Requiring very little care at a minimum of cost, sheep can be depended upon to supply an income for the prairie farmer irrespective of his grain crops according to Harvey O. Powell, vice president and general manager of the Dominion Agricultural Credit Company Limited.

"Every farmer should have a small flock of breeding ewes," says Mr. Powell. "Many farmers for a past number of years have been waiting until breeding ewes were cheap in order that they might secure their foundation stock. A small band of ewes even under today's conditions are returning their owners more profit per dollar invested than can be made by the farmer on almost any of his other commodities."

"Good breeding ewes are a fair price. They have been high priced for a number of years and always will be high priced to some people's way of thinking. The price does not make much difference as long as a farmer intends to stay in the sheep business. Every grain farmer needs them, the cost of keeping them is slight and the additional income comes in handy on an average farm."

dinner tonight?"

"Why, certainly, dear. I'll be glad to have them."

"Oh, pardon me lady. Wrong number."

Here lie the remains of a radio fan. Now mourned by his many relations. He entered a talk farm smoking his pipe and was picked up by twenty-cent stations.

CAPITOL

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First Show Sat. Night at 7:15

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WEDNESDAY NEXT

"Murder by the Clock"

Gripping — Dramatic

FRI. and SAT. NEXT
The "BAD GIRL" Pair—SALLY EILERS and JIMMY DUNN

"Dance Team"

Greater than "BAD GIRL"

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JANET GAYNOR and CHAS. FARRELL IN

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MAKE YOUR DOLLARS HAVE MORE CENTS

Service With a Smile

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ESTIMATES GIVEN FREE

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Ward Rate for Maternity will be \$2.00 per day during this depression.
CASH IN ADVANCE

St. Michael's General Hospital

Lethbridge, Alberta

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GET YOUR OIL CHANGED TO SUMMER GRADE
PENN ARTIC OIL, Old Price per qt. 45c; New price 35c.
POWER OIL, Old Price per qt. 35c. New price 25c.
Try our 25c. GAS, which is 2-3 NAPHTHA and 1-3 ARTIC Gas.
With both an OIL CHANGE and GREASING. Your CAR will be
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"VIJO"

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Ellison Milling and Elevator Co., Ltd.
Lethbridge - Alberta

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Geo. Ralph Fred Ralph

Res. Phone 40
"Mutt" Ralph

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School Grade Name

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Health Service

OF THE
Canadian Medical Association

Edited by
GRANT FLEMING, M.D., ASSOCIATE SECRETARY

NATURAL FEEDING

Natural milk is beyond question the best and safest food for the baby. It is the first duty of every mother to nurse her baby. There are very few mothers who are unable to nurse their babies as long as they are willing to do so. The first year of life is a difficult period for the new baby. He must adjust himself to new surroundings and new conditions while at the same time his body grows very rapidly during this period, he is entirely dependent for the food he needs and the care he requires upon his mother.

The young mothers will find that there are many women who are not only willing but anxious to give advice. They will tell her that they speak from experience and the young mother will find it difficult to ignore what they have to say. She will be confused by the contradictory advice which they will offer to her. So it is that we warn her against these well-meaning friends and suggest to her that she inform herself from reliable sources and be guided by what she learns from such sources.

Best milk is best because it is clean, pure and always at the right temperature. It does not have to be prepared and so there is no chance of dirt gaining entrance into it. There are no utensils to be cleaned and sterilized. It is much easier to nurse the baby than to prepare feedings which require constant care to make sure that the feeding will not carry with it some harmful germs. Both time and money are saved by natural feeding, not to mention the mother's peace of mind which is secured.

The mother's milk is specially suited for her baby. It is of the right consistency, it is readily digested and it contains the food substances which the baby requires. That these statements are correct, is shown by the fact that there is proportionately much less sickness and fewer deaths amongst naturally fed babies as compared with those artificially fed.

One of the most serious decisions which a mother is called upon to make is as to weaning her baby. So often the reasons for weaning are unreasonable or imaginary. The mother fears the baby is not doing well and immediately she jumps to the conclusion that the fault lies in her milk. In almost every case she is wrong. No mother should wean her baby before the regular time, unless after a careful consideration of her case by her doctor, it is found to be necessary and there will be very few such cases.

Questions concerning Health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto will be answered personally by letter.

EFFECT OF SALT ON GROWTH OF PIGS

(Experimental Farms Note)

Pigs suffer much more commonly than other domestic animals from a lack of mineral feed in their rations. This is primarily because they are fed largely upon the cereals, which have a low ash content, and also on account of the rapidity of their growth and the confinement in which they are often reared. The rapid development up to two hundred pounds or thereabouts in six or seven months calls for much bone building material in the feed.

The four mineral elements likely to be lacking in the feeds commonly supplied the hog are lime, sodium, chlorine and iodine. The cereal grains which form the basic ration for hogs have some of these elements but in too small amounts to supply the body requirements for nutrition and growth. It is good feeding practice, therefore, to include lime, and salt (which contains sodium and chlorine) in the ration or to supply these substances in a supplementary mineral mixture so that the pigs can take as much or as little as their appetites demand. The need for iodine seems to be restricted to certain localities, and pregnant females. Boiled by products and tankage supply minerals but if these supplements are not being fed it is well to provide the pigs with some mineral salt.

Many combinations of mineral substances have been suggested for supplying the lime and salt deficiencies

FOREIGN NEWS AND VIEWS

Spain recently celebrated its first birthday anniversary as a republic.

Only foreigners are allowed to play at the three Belgian gambling resorts Ostend, Spa and Namur.

Besides carrying on its regular postal work, the post office department of Germany has inaugurated a delivery service for department stores.

King Alfonso's herd of 93 pedigreed Spanish cattle, which was confiscated by the new Republican government, has been sold at auction for less than \$3,000.

China, the most populous nation in the world, has 474,821,000 inhabitants. The country has 110.4 persons for each square mile of land area.

Since the Spanish government forbade the sale and exportation of antiques without special permission, there has been no market for fake antique furniture in the country.

To assist blind persons, maps in relief showing bus, street car and subway lines to various parts of the city have been placed on principal street corners of Berlin, Germany.

A waterfall, reported to be seven times higher than the Niagara Falls, has been discovered on Nukuhiva Island, east of the Somoas. This is one of the island garden spots of the world.

The Ovra, a secret service corps, costs Italy more than \$1,000,000 a year to maintain. It is the Fascist party organization that furnishes Premier Mussolini with information. In the party there are nearly a million men who have sworn loyalty to him, and more than that in the younger Fascist groups.

While curators in the museum of its recently they came upon the crown of King Augustus 11. of Posen were rearranging their exhibit land, 1597, which had been mislaid for many years.

"Sam, Ah jes' seen a alligator eat n' our youngest chile!"
"Emm-uh! Sho' nuff? You know Ah thought sump'n been gettin' our chile!"

Clerk: I've added up this row of figures ten times.

Chief: Good boy.

Clerk: And here's the ten answers.

"Well, dad, I just looked in to say hello."

"Too late, son. Your mother said it first and got all my change."

In the feed of hogs. A simple mineral mixture which has been used for a number of years at the Dominion Experimental Station, Lacombe, Alberta with constantly good results, consists of 75 pounds of slack coal, 20 pounds of salt, 3 pounds of air slacked lime or ground limestone, and 1 pound of sulphur. This mixture is fed in boxes or in separate compartments of the self feeders to which the pigs have free access. Soft coal is used as a base for the mixture because pigs are very fond of coal. Salt is added to supply sodium and chlorine, air-slacked lime, or ground limestone contributes calcium, and sulphur is added since it probably exerts a medicinal influence.

Experimental results at Lacombe indicate that the addition of common salt alone to a grain ration of oats and barley is effective in increasing gains and reducing the amount of feed required to make gains. In tests conducted during the summers of 1928, 1929 and 1931 the use of 2 1/2 pounds of salt in every 100 pounds of meat mixture with pigs in dry lot, self fed a grain ration of oats and barley resulted, on the average, in a 26 per cent increase in daily gains and a 22 per cent decrease in cost of gains. The addition of salt not only served to whet the appetite but it also added to the palatability of the feeds used, the difference being reflected in the amounts of feed consumed by the salt-fed pigs as compared with the pigs fed meal only.

H. E. WILSON,
Dominion Experimental Station,
Lacombe, Alta.

To Subscribers

It Costs Real Money to Keep a Newspaper Going.

A Dollar or Two from Each of Our Subscribers would Help Greatly.

Come in and see how you stand, and then try and help us a little.

May we Count on You. Thank You.

The Recorder

"Service and Satisfaction Always"

Ladies' Dresses

We have a Good Stock to make
Your Selection From
Come in and Look Them Over

Raymond Mercantile
COMPANY, LIMITED
THE BIG DEPARTMENT STORE

U. G. G. Binder Twine

ORDER IT WITH CONFIDENCE

Confidence because you are sure of the Reputation and Quality of the twine, because of the Experience of the organization serving you, and because you count on the Supplies Department of United Grain Growers to give you Good Service, and to deliver your twine when you need it at a PRICE which is the lowest possible.

PLACE PROVISIONAL ORDER NOW

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD
ELEVATOR AT RAYMOND.



Government of the Province of Alberta FUEL OIL TAX ACT

Important Notice

The new Provincial Act imposing a tax of 0.5c. per gallon on Fuel Oil Sales is now in force.

All Refiners of oil, and all Dealers, wholesale or retail, including operators of filling stations, garages or other places of business, where oil is sold or kept for sale, and persons peddling or selling by retail from vehicles, wagons or trucks must

SECURE LICENSE Before JUNE 2, 1932

Application forms for license should be obtained at once from Wholesale Oil Companies, or from the office of the

DEPUTY PROVINCIAL SECRETARY
EDMONTON

Mrs. A. W. Jones and Mrs. Scott The Stock Growers of Canada are Salmon of Hartley were week-end in Convention today in the Marquis visitors here with relatives & friends Hotel in Lethbridge.

1st prize — \$1,000.00 cash
2nd prize — \$500.00 cash
3rd prize — \$200.00 cash
4th prize — \$100.00 cash
5 prizes, each \$50.00 cash
95 prizes, each \$10.00 cash
104 prizes totalling \$3,000.00

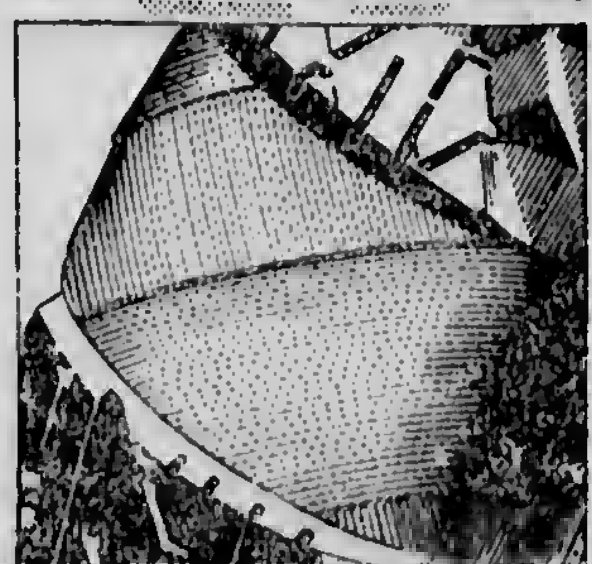
\$3,000.00
GOOD YEAR
PRIZE CONTEST

Anyone from a family where a car is owned may enter, except tire dealers, employees of rubber companies and the families of both.

See the six Goodyear Tires of various sizes, types and ply-thicknesses on display here. Then estimate the number of cords in each of these tires, find a total, and divide by six to obtain the average. You may examine, too, a section of tire cord fabric also on display. Submit your estimate on the standard entry blank which is free. No other requirement. You don't have to buy anything.

Closing date: June 5th, 1932. Address: "The Goodyear Supertwist Cord Contest," New Toronto, Toronto 14, Ontario.

HOW MANY SUPERTWIST CORDS



IN THE AVERAGE GOODYEAR TIRE?

Sugar City Motors

L. J. MEHEW, MGR.

Come in and see Supertwist Cords demonstrated and get a helpful booklet of contest directions.

News Notes

"DANCE TEAM" the picture of the year will SOON be here.

The Broadway received good patronage at the sale last week, and they certainly were offering the bargains.

"THE CHAMP" at the CAPITOL TONIGHT and SATURDAY.

L. D. King and Gene Pearson were in Lethbridge Saturday afternoon last, and brought home a new Ford car with them. It is in King Motors and is the centre of considerable interest.

McGavin's Bakery in North Lethbridge was broken into and robbed Saturday night during the storm. The combination was knocked out and "soup" planted in the hole in the door. \$84.00 was taken by the thugs.

"DANCE TEAM" the picture of the year will SOON be here.

Mrs. Amelia Earhart Putman made aviation history for women when she brought her plane down in a field near Lethbridge, Ireland Saturday night, making the first solo flight over the Atlantic by a woman. She intended to go on to Paris, but engine trouble prevented this.

With 65 more Doukhobors rounded up last Sunday for parading in the nude the total arrested now reaches 745. This is quite a large family, and they should learn soon that the officers of the law mean just what they say, when they tell them to quit this particular practice.

After being entombed in a tunnel for 100 hours following a slide, 42 men in Temuco, Chile, were finally rescued. All are expected to live but some came out in a sorry plight, only 12 of them being able to walk, the rest having to be borne on stretchers.

The small town of Hapthenden, Alberta was visited by a disastrous fire on Sunday when two firemen were wounded in the fighting of it, and the charred remains of a resident were found in one of the buildings with a rifle near him. Police are investigating the case. Damage was \$50,000 and six buildings were burned to the ground.

Flowering and Bedding Plants

TOMATOES and CABBAGE
Good, Hardy Strain

See H. C. PERKES

"We Always Treat You Right"

CO - OP.

62 GRAVITY TEST DISTILLATE
GASOLINE, per gal. 16 1/2 c.

Farmco Service Co.

Good Year Tires & Tubes at Mail Order Prices

GOODYEAR SPEEDWAY TUBES	
30 x 3 1-2	\$ 8.85
4.40 x 20	1.15
4.50 x 20	1.15
4.75 x 20	1.15
4.40 x 21	1.15
4.50 x 21	1.15
4.75 x 21	1.15
4.75 x 19	1.20

SPEEDWAY BALLOON AUTOMOBILE CASINGS

30 x 3 1-2 Cl. Speedway	\$4.20
4.40-21 for 29 x 4.40	\$5.80
4.50-20 for 29 x 4.50	6.15
4.50-21 for 30 x 4.50	6.25
4.75-19 for 28 x 4.75	7.70
4.75-20 for 29 x 4.75	7.90
5.00-19 for 29 x 5.00	8.25
5.00-20 for 30 x 5.00	8.40

THE ABOVE LISTED TIRES AND PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO WITHDRAWAL WITHOUT NOTICE

Sugar City Motors

L. J. MEHEW, Mgr.

News Notes

"DANCE TEAM" the picture of the year will SOON be here.

Central England is suffering from the worst floods in 50 years following cloudburst and torrential rain in many sections. Farmers suffered heavily when their crops were washed out and many sheep, pigs and poultry lost.

"THE CHAMP" at the CAPITOL TONIGHT and SATURDAY.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—J. I. Case Tractor or Horse Plow. Used very little. Also fifteen shares which can be purchased separately if desired. For further information inquire at the Recorder Office.

A New Forsyth Shirt

— THE —

Country Club

Has everything a good Shirt should have
Priced from coast to coast at \$1.95
The Broadway Store

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

A presentation, in easily understandable form,
of the Bank's

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

30th April, 1932

LIABILITIES

LIABILITIES TO THE PUBLIC

Deposits	\$626,701,081.70
Payable on demand and after notice.	
Notes of the Bank in Circulation	35,143,569.00
Payable on demand.	
Bills Payable	243,816.18
Drawn issued and outstanding.	
Letters of Credit Outstanding	8,478,952.13
Financial responsibilities undertaken on behalf of customers for commercial transactions (see offsetting amount [x] in "Resources").	
Other Liabilities	1,743,463.02
Items which do not come under the foregoing headings.	
Total Liabilities to the Public	\$672,310,882.03

LIABILITIES TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits	
& Reserves for Dividends	75,301,599.13
This amount represents the shareholders' interest in the Bank, over which liabilities to the public take precedence.	
Total Liabilities	\$748,612,481.21

RESOURCES

To meet the foregoing Liabilities the Bank has

Cash in its Vaults and in the Central Gold Reserves	78,491,119.01
Notes of and Cheques on Other Banks	23,808,742.79
Payable in cash on presentation.	
Money on Deposit with Other Banks	27,639,150.51
Available on demand or at short notice.	
Government & Other Bonds and Debentures	228,501,145.79
Gold-edge Securities the greater portion of which matures at early date.	
Stocks	601,473.59
Railway and Industrial and other stocks.	
Call Loans outside of Canada	20,262,324.53
Secured by bonds, stocks and other negotiable securities of greater value than the loans and representing monies quickly available with no disturbing effect on conditions in Canada.	
Call Loans in Canada	5,615,610.62
Payable on demand and secured by bonds and stocks of greater value at current quotations than the loans.	
Bankers' Acceptances	133,657.89
Prime drafts accepted by other banks.	

TOTAL OF QUICKLY AVAILABLE RESOURCES \$385,483,225.66 (equal to 57.34% of all Liabilities to the Public)

Other Loans	336,572,388.28
To manufacturers, farmers, merchants and others, on conditions consistent with sound banking.	

Bank Premises 14,500,000.00

Three properties only are listed in the names of holding companies; the stock and bonds of these companies are entirely owned by the Bank and appear on the books at \$1.00 in each case. All other of the Bank's premises, the value of which largely exceeds \$14,500,000, appear under this heading.

Real Estate and Mortgages on Real Estate 1,775,736.03
Acquired in the course of the Bank's business and in process of being realized upon.

x Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit 8,478,952.13
Represents liabilities of customers on account of Letters of Credit issued by the Bank for their account.

Other Assets not included in the foregoing 1,802,178.46

Making Total Assets of \$748,612,481.21

to meet payment of Liabilities to the Public of 672,310,882.06

leaving an excess of Assets over Liabilities to the Public of \$76,301,599.13

PROFIT and LOSS ACCOUNT

Profits for the half year ending 30th April, 1932	\$2,589,292.70
Dividends paid or payable to Shareholders	\$2,160,000.00
Provision for Taxes, Dominion Government	228,316.23
Reservation for Bank Premises	100,000.00
	2,488,316.23
Balance of Profit and Loss Account, 31st October, 1931	\$109,976.42
Balance of Profit and Loss carried forward	1,101,420.95
	\$1,204,403.37

The strength of a bank is determined by its history, its policy, its management and the extent of its resources. For 114 years the Bank of Montreal has been in the forefront of Canadian finance.